

# Keep your Spectrum Scale cluster HEALTHY with MAPS

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What is MAPS?

MAPS' tools to keep my cluster HEALTHY

Use Cases

Improvements in 5.0.4 / 5.0.5

Tips and Tricks: Call Home

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#### Monitoring, Availability and Proactive Services On premise **Call Home Sysmonitor** CES mmsysmon.py, mmhealth

mmces, IP balancing/failover

**Protocol Tracing** 

mmprotocoltrace

#### Perfmon mmperfmon, thresholds, Grafana Bridge

FTDC

gpfs.snap, \*.snap.py

mmcallhome



**IBM** site

**Proactive** 

Services

# What is MAPS?



# MAPS' tools to keep my cluster HEALTHY? [1/2]



#### mmhealth node/cluster show

- Hundreds of automatic checks / approx. 1000 events
- All results at one glance!
- Be informed via user defined scripts
- mmhealth thresholds
  - Events based on performance data
  - Define own rules!
- mmperfmon / Grafana Bridge
  - Monitor performance of your cluster

# MAPS' tools to keep my cluster HEALTHY? [2/2]



#### mmcallhome

- Improved service response times
- Proactively detect issues
- Better dev. test coverage for your cluster
- mmprotocoltrace
  - In case of protocol issues quickly analyse the root cause
- CES IP management
  - Minimize impact on node / network failures

### Use Case 1: mmhealth Drilldown [1/2]



#### Situation:

- The customer checks his cluster as everyday using the mmhealth command and sees that something is FAILED or DEGRADED
- Wish:
  - The cluster should be HEALTHY for every component
- Solution:
  - Drilling down to find the cause of the problem with **mmhealth** and fix it.

### Use Case 1: mmhealth Drilldown [2/2]



#### Everyday cluster monitoring:

mmhealth cluster show

• If any component is not HEALTHY, see which RAS event is active and on which node:

mmhealth cluster show <component>

To see more details for the node:

mmhealth node show -N <nodeName>

To see the details for a RAS event (including cause + user action):

mmhealth event show <eventName>

## Use Case 2: RAM and OOM problem [1/13]



#### • Situation:

- The customer realizes that some applications might use too much RAM
- Wish to be informed:
  - when there's almost no free RAM left
  - after the OOM killer killed any applications
  - via e-mail when this occurs
- Solution:
  - Thresholds + user callback scripts

## Use Case 2: RAM and OOM problem [2/13]





### Use Case 2: RAM and OOM problem [3/13]



#### What does this event mean?

Event	Details		×
	Event name: Component: Entity type: Entity name: Event time: Active until: Message: Description:	out_of_memory GPFS Node test-21.localnet.com 02.03.20 15:03:25 Detected Out of memory killer conditions in system log In an out of memory condition the OOM killer will terminate the opcoses with the hishest memory willarion score.	
	Cause:	The process with the ingress memory utilization score. This may affect Spectrum scale processes and cause subsequent issues. The dmesg command returned log entries which are written by the OOM killer.	1
	User action:	Check the memory usage on the node. Identify the reason for the out of memory condition and check the system log to find out which processes have been killed by ODM killer. You might need to recover these processes manually or reboot the system to get to a clean state. Run the command "mmhealth resolve event out_of_memory' once you recovered the system to remove this warning event from mmhealth.	
	Reporting node:	test-21.localnet.com	
	Event type:	Active health state of an entity which is monitored by the system.	
		Previous Next Close	

Cause:	The dmesg command returned log entries which are written by the OOM killer.
User action:	Check the memory usage on the node. Identify the reason for the out of memory condition and check the system log to find out which processes have been killed by OOM killer. You might need to recover these processes manually or reboot the system to get to a clean state. Run the command 'mmhealth resolve event out_of_memory' once you recovered the system to remove this warning event from mmhealth.



#### • A threshold **MemFree\_Rule** was triggered, then GUI daemon was killed:

Severity	Event Time $\downarrow$	Reporting Node	Event Name	Event T Acti	Entity Name
針 Info	02.03.20 15:10:09	test-21.localnet.com	thresholds_normal	State	MemFree_Rule
主 Info	02.03.20 15:03:50	test-21.localnet.com	gui_refresh_task_successful	State	test-21.localnet.com
🖸 Info	02.03.20 15:03:35	test-21.localnet.com	gui_up	State	test-21.localnet.com
🔥 Warning	02.03.20 15:03:25	test-21.localnet.com	out_of_memory	State	test-21.localnet.com
🖸 Info	02.03.20 15:01:58	test-21.localnet.com	ccr_comm_dir_ok	State	test-21.localnet.com
主 Info	02.03.20 15:01:56	test-23.localnet.com	ccr_quorum_nodes_ok	State	test-23.localnet.com
🙁 Error	02.03.20 15:01:56	test-21.localnet.com	gui_down	State	test-21.localnet.com
🛦 Warning	02.03.20 15:01:56	test-21.localnet.com	thresholds_warn	State	MemFree_Rule



#### • OOM killer run was detected:

Severity	Event Time $\downarrow$	Reporting Node	Event Name	Event T Acti	Entity Name
🔒 Info	02.03.20 15:10:09	test-21.localnet.com	thresholds_normal	State	MemFree_Rule
主 Info	02.03.20 15:03:50	test-21.localnet.com	gui_refresh_task_successful	State	test-21.localnet.com
🕄 Info	02.03.20 15:03:35	test-21.localnet.com	gui_up	State	test-21.localnet.com
🔥 Warning	02.03.20 15:03:25	test-21.localnet.com	out_of_memory	State	test-21.localnet.com
🚹 Info	02.03.20 15:01:58	test-21.localnet.com	ccr_comm_dir_ok	State	test-21.localnet.com
主 Info	02.03.20 15:01:56	test-23.localnet.com	ccr_quorum_nodes_ok	State	test-23.localnet.com
🙁 Error	02.03.20 15:01:56	test-21.localnet.com	gui_down	State	test-21.localnet.com
A Warning	02.03.20 15:01:56	test-21.localnet.com	thresholds_warn	State	MemFree_Rule



#### Later GUI went up again, RAM usage threshold was cleared on the next check:

Severity	Event Time $\downarrow$	Reporting Node	Event Name	Event T Acti	Entity Name
🕄 Info	02.03.20 15:10:09	test-21.localnet.com	thresholds_normal	State	MemFree_Rule
🔒 Info	02.03.20 15:03:50	test-21.localnet.com	gui_refresh_task_successful	State	test-21.localnet.com
🕄 Info	02.03.20 15:03:35	test-21.localnet.com	gui_up	State	test-21.localnet.com
🔥 Warning	02.03.20 15:03:25	test-21.localnet.com	out_of_memory	State	test-21.localnet.com
🚹 Info	02.03.20 15:01:58	test-21.localnet.com	ccr_comm_dir_ok	State	test-21.localnet.com
主 Info	02.03.20 15:01:56	test-23.localnet.com	ccr_quorum_nodes_ok	State	test-23.localnet.com
🙁 Error	02.03.20 15:01:56	test-21.localnet.com	gui_down	State	test-21.localnet.com
A Warning	02.03.20 15:01:56	test-21.localnet.com	thresholds_warn	State	MemFree_Rule

### Use Case 2: RAM and OOM problem [7/13]



#### Where is MemFree\_Rule defined?

Thresholds

+ Create Threshold	🖋 Edit 💿 View Det	tails Actions 🗸 🛃 Export			
Name	↑ Target Type	Metric	Warning Level	Error Level Filter	Active Events
DataCapUtil_Rule	Pool	Measurements - DataPool_capUtil	80 %	90 %	0
InodeCapUtil_Rule	Fileset	Measurements - Fileset_inode	80 %	90 %	0
MemFree_Rule	Node	Measurements - MemoryAvailable_percent	5 %		0
MetaDataCapUtil_Rule	Pool	Measurements - MetaDataPool_capUtil	80 %	90 %	0
SMBConnPerNode_Rule	Node	- Current connections		3000 #	0
SMBConnTotal_Rule	Generic	- Current connections		20000 #	0

### Use Case 2: RAM and OOM problem [8/13]



[root@test-21 ~]# mmh	ealth thresholds list						
active_thresholds_mon: ### Threshold Rules # rule_name	itor: test-21.localnet.com ## metric	m error	warn	direction	filterBy	groupBy	sensitivity
InodeCapUtil_Rule DataCapUtil_Rule MemFree Rule	Fileset_inode DataPool_capUtil MemoryAvailable_percent	90.0 90.0 None	80.0 80.0 5.0	high high low		<pre>gpfs_cluster_name,gpfs_fs_name,gpfs_fset_name gpfs_cluster_name,gpfs_fs_name,gpfs_diskpool_name node</pre>	300 300 300-min
SMBConnPerNode_Rule SMBConnTotal_Rule MetaDataCapUtil_Rule	current_connections current_connections MetaDataPool_capUtil	3000 20000 90.0	None None 80.0	high high high		<pre>node gpfs_cluster_name,gpfs_fs_name,gpfs_diskpool_name</pre>	300 300 300

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### Use Case 2: RAM and OOM problem [9/13]



#### Default thresholds are not enough?

```
[root@test-21 ~]# mmhealth thresholds add
Missing arguments.
Usage:
    mmhealth thresholds add { metric[:sum|avg|min|max|rate]|measurement
        [--errorlevel{threshold error limit} [--warnlevel{threshold warn limit}]|--direction {high|low}}
        [--sensitivity {bucketsize}] [--hysteresis {percentage}]
        [--filterBy] [--groupBy ] [--name {ruleName}]
        [--errormsg {user defined action description}]
```



#### I want more details on the RAM usage over time:

[root@test-21 ~] # mmperfmon query mem memfree --bucket-size 60 2020-03-02-14:55:00 2020-03-02-15:05:00

Legend:

1: test-21.localnet.com/Memory/mem memfree

Row	Timestamp	mem memfree
1	2020-03-02-14:56:00	954.7 MB
2	2020-03-02-14:57:00	954.9 MB
3	2020-03-02-14:58:00	753.5 MB
4	2020-03-02-14:59:00	85.4 MB
5	2020-03-02-15:00:00	85.4 MB
6	2020-03-02-15:01:00	85.3 MB
7	2020-03-02-15:02:00	992.8 MB
8	2020-03-02-15:03:00	1797.7 MB
9	2020-03-02-15:04:00	1511.2 MB
10	2020-03-02-15:05:00	1427.2 MB

### Use Case 2: RAM and OOM problem [11/13]

#### What caused OOM?

```
[root@test-21 ~]# mmperfmon report top --bucket-size 10 2020-03-02-15:01:30
Top values in format:
{process name | PID} {cpu per mil} {memory per mil}
```

Time	test-21.localnet.com
20-03-02-14:59:30	tail 156 627
	kswapd0 102 0
	mmfsd 19 268
	java 18 9
	pmsensors 9 0
	kworker/1:1H 4 0
[]	

 $\rightarrow$  we used **tail /dev/zero** to trigger the OOM killer



- IMPORTANT: out\_of\_memory is a resolvable event!
- After resolving the issue (e.g. banning users for tail /dev/zero calls) resolve the event:

[root@test-21 ~]# mmhealth event resolve out\_of\_memory
Successfully resolved event out\_of\_memory for entity with event out\_of\_memory\_ok.



- Push on failure to be informed ASAP:
  - A sample events callback script:

```
[root@g5040-11 ~]# vim /var/mmfs/etc/eventsCallback
#!/bin/bash
# <version> <date> <time> <timezone> <event> <component> <id> <severity> <state> <message> <arguments>
if [[ $# -gt 10 ]]; then
    #echo "Got CLI parameters: $@" >> /root/callback.txt
    if [[ "$5" == 'thresholds_warn' && "${7#*TriggerCallbackRule}" != "$7" ]]; then
    echo -e "Threshold details:\n$@" | mail -s "Threshold $7 triggered" admin@company.com
    fi
fi
```

- The resulting e-mails then look this way:
- Or use GUI ;)



Threshold TriggerCallbackRule/g5040-11.localnet.com triggered root to: Pavel Safre 09.07.2019 17:55 Show Details

#### Threshold details:

1 2019-07-09 17:55:33.363401 CEST thresholds\_warn threshold TriggerCallbackRule/g5040-11.localnet.com W D The value of mem\_memfree for the component(s) TriggerCallbackRule/g5040-11.localnet.com exceeded threshold warning level 2000000 defined in TriggerCallbackRule. 2000000,mem%5Fmemfree,TriggerCallbackRule

### Use Case 3: No access to a share [1/4]



#### Situation:

#### - The customer cannot access an SMB share

```
smb: \foo\> ls
NT_STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED listing \foo\*
```

- The customer checks the permissions and they seem to be OK
- Wish:
  - Resolve the issue and get an access to the SMB share
- Solution:
  - Use mmprotocoltrace + mmcallhome

### Use Case 3: No access to a share [2/4]



- The customer contacts the support and is asked to provide tracing data for the operation
- He starts the trace:

[root@ces5050-41 ~]# mmprotocoltrace start network smb winbind -f --client-ips 9.155.106.232
Setting up traces
Trace 'a078911e-1571-497b-803f-974f47bc6750' created successfully for 'network'
Trace '904f871e-35f1-4388-955d-25f0c8ceda47' created successfully for 'smb'
Trace '468fd3f8-770e-4650-b759-22776dce6f27' created successfully for 'winbind'
...
Trace ID: a078911e-1571-497b-803f-974f47bc6750
State: ACTIVE
...

Recreates the issue:

```
[root@ces5050-41 ~]# smbclient //localhost/smbexport -U MZDOM\\User%password
Try "help" to get a list of possible commands.
smb: \foo\> ls
NT_STATUS_ACCESS_DENIED listing \foo\*
```

### Use Case 3: No access to a share [3/4]



#### Subsequently he stops the trace:

```
[root@ces5050-41 ~]# mmprotocoltrace stop
Stopping traces
...
Trace tar file has been written to '/tmp/mmfs/smb.trace.20200303 060522.tar.gz'
```

- If he wants, he can now unpack the archive and go through the contained trace logs
  - A message in the SMB log states that the ID mapping (Windows SID  $\leftrightarrow$  UNIX ID) does not exist
- Solution: the user manually configures the missing mapping and the share works

### Use Case 3: No access to a share [4/4]



#### Subsequently he stops the trace:

```
[root@ces5050-41 ~]# mmprotocoltrace stop
Stopping traces
...
```

Trace tar file has been written to '/tmp/mmfs/smb.trace.20200303\_060522.tar.gz'

#### • Alternatively, he shares the trace data with the support team using mmcallhome:

[root@ces5050-41 ~]# mmcallhome run SendFile --file /tmp/mmfs/smb.trace.20200303\_060522.tar.gz
Running sendFile... (In case of network errors, it may take over 20 minutes for retries.)
Successfully uploaded the given file
Run mmcallhome status list --verbose to see the package name

- Root cause found: missing ID mapping (Windows SID  $\leftrightarrow$  UNIX ID)
- Solution: the user manually configures the missing mapping and the share works

## Use Case 4: Unknown setting changed [1/3]



#### • Situation:

- My cluster is extremely slow since yesterday
- I know, that I might have run a command in a wrong terminal a few days ago
- Wish:
  - Find out, what exactly was changed and change it back
- Solution:
  - mmcallhome status diff

### Use Case 4: Unknown setting changed [2/3]

#### Does mmhealth detect any problems?

[root@g5050-11	~]# mmhealth :	node show	
Node name: Node status: Status Change: IP mode:	g5050-11d.lo <mark>HEALTHY</mark> Now LEGACY	calnet.com	
Component	Status	Status Change	Reasons
GPFS NETWORK FILESYSTEM DISK CALLHOME PERFMON THRESHOLD	HEALTHY HEALTHY HEALTHY HEALTHY HEALTHY HEALTHY HEALTHY	Now 1 day ago Now Now 8 hours ago 1 day ago 1 day ago	- - - - - -

### Use Case 4: Unknown setting changed [3/3]



#### Can perhaps call home help me?

```
[root@g5050-11 ~]# mmcallhome run GatherSend --task daily # we want a checkpoint NOW!
One time run completed with success
[root@g5050-11 ~]# mmcallhome status diff --last-days 2
Active Config (modified)
        Maxfilestocache : 100010 --> 10
Cluster Data (modified)
        Maxfilestocache : 100010 --> 10
```

#### Solution: increase maxFilesToCache back to the normal + restart mmfsd

### Improvements in 5.0.4 / 5.0.5 [1/4]



- Call Home:
  - Configuration diff
  - Test connection for ungrouped nodes
  - Add-/delete- group nodes
  - Mandatory config + TIPs
  - 5.0.4 Increased recommended group size to 128 nodes
  - 5.0.4 Removed package gpfs.callhome
  - 5.0.4 Hardware call home (ESA) trigger for specific events

### Improvements in 5.0.4 / 5.0.5 [2/4]



- mmprotocoltrace:
  - Increased usability
  - 5.0.4 Improved backend engine
- CES
  - 5.0.4.2 HDFS integration
  - 5.0.4 CES disable confirmation

### Improvements in 5.0.4 / 5.0.5 [3/4]



#### Perfmon:

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- Default sensors filter to reduce keyspace with Docker (volatile naming) (originated from a service ticket) Workaround: mmperfmon delete --expired-keys
- Top-k Phase 1: top CPU consumers
  - + also top-log (CPU + MEM) in gpfs.snap
- 5.0.4 Added disk write latency measurements



This tool allows the IBM Spectrum Scale users to perform performance monitoring for IBM Spectrum Scale devices using third-party Edit applications such as Grafana software.

grafana performance-monitoring spectrum-scale gpfs Manage topic

• Grafana Bridge Migration to GitHub:

https://github.com/IBM/ibm-spectrum-scale-bridge-for-grafana

### Improvements in 5.0.4 / 5.0.5 [4/4]



- mmhealth:
  - numactl monitoring
  - OOM monitoring
  - ESS3000 monitoring
  - 5.0.4 DNS issues monitoring (specifically AD)
  - 5.0.4 ExtAuthMonitor: UDP + TCP checks
  - 5.0.4 Verification that required file systems are mounted

### mmprotocoltrace Usability [1/7]



- Improved usability for mmprotocoltrace
  - Expected behavior = real behavior
  - Usability shortcuts to streamline the usage
  - Less commands do more
  - More details about failures

### mmprotocoltrace Usability [2/7]: start



Inn

- Block start step until all nodes are ACTIVE (otherwise customers start their workloads before the tracing is ready)
- At the end of the execution show the current trace state

BEFORE	AFTER		
<pre>[root@ces5033-31 ~]# mmprotocoltrace start network Setting up traces Trace '3bf4f361-0005-4469-af0a-f0097a95608e' created successfully for 'network' [root@ces5033-31 ~]# # manually poll "mmprotocoltrace status network"</pre>	<pre>[root@ces5040-41 ~]# mmprotocoltrace start network Setting up traces Trace '4300981f-59cb-4eb7-bc56-e04e90f0801c' created successfully for 'network' Waiting for all participating nodes</pre>		
<pre>[root@ces5033-31 ~]# mmprotocoltrace status network Trace ID: 3bf4f361-0005-4469-af0a-f0097a95608e State: ACTIVE User ID: root Protocol: network Start Time: 14:23:29 09/10/19 End Time: 14:33:29 09/10/19 Client IPs: Origin Node: ces5033-31.localnet.com Syscall: False Syscall Only: False Nodes: Node Name: ces5033-31.localnet.com State: ACTIVE Trace Location: /tmp/mmfs/network.20191009_142329.trc</pre>	Trace ID: 4300981f-59cb-4eb7-bc56-e04e90f0801c State: ACTIVE Protocol: network Start Time: 14:22:12 09/10/19 End Time: 14:32:12 09/10/19 Trace Location: /tmp/mmfs/network.20191009_142212.trc Origin Node: ces5040-41.localnet.com Nodes: Node Name: ces5040-41.localnet.com State: ACTIVE		

### mmprotocoltrace Usability [3/7]: start



#### mmprotocoltrace start:

#### – If any of the nodes is FAILED, the trace is aborted

BEFORE	AFTER
<pre>[root@ces5033-31 ~]# mmprotocoltrace start network Setting up traces Trace 'cce2d03f-b538-4100-b325-7ff35e65277d' created successfully for 'network'</pre>	<pre>[root@ces5040-41 ~]# mmprotocoltrace start network Setting up traces Trace '0ae4a665-a716-4ff1-83a4-2634767f3072' created successfully for 'network'</pre>
<pre>[root@ces5033-31 ~]# # manually poll "mmprotocoltrace status network"</pre>	Waiting for all participating nodes For the protocol 'network' some of the nodes failed to start the trace.
[root@ces5033-31 ~]# mmprotocoltrace status network Trace ID: cce2d03f-b538-4100-b325-7ff35e65277d	Aborting the trace
State: ACTIVE	Waiting for all participating nodes
Protocol: network	Trace ID: 0ae4a665-a716-4ff1-83a4-2634767f3072
Start Time: 14:48:57 09/10/19 End Time: 14:58:57 09/10/19	State: FAILED Protocol: network
Client IPs:	Start Time: 14:53:42 09/10/19
Syscall: False	Trace Location: /tmp/mmfs/network.20191009_145342.trc
Syscall Only: False Nodes:	Origin Node: ces5040-41.localnet.com Nodes:
Node Name: ces5033-31.localnet.com	Node Name: ces5040-41.localnet.com
State: FALLED Trace Location: /tmp/mmfs/network.20191009_144857.trc Failure Reason: Could not find the tcpdump executable	State: FAILED Failure Reason: Could not find the tcpdump executable
<pre>[root@ces5033-31 ~]# # manually stop + clear the trace</pre>	

### mmprotocoltrace Usability [4/7]: start



- mmprotocoltrace start:
  - Auto clear traces on start with -f or with a CLI confirmation (yes/no)

BEFORE	AFTER
<pre>[root@ces5033-31 ~]# mmprotocoltrace start network Setting up traces Trace '3bf4f361-0005-4469-af0a-f0097a95608e' for protocol 'network' already</pre>	<pre>[root@ces5040-41 ~]# mmprotocoltrace start network For the following protocols traces are still running: network</pre>
exists Something failed when creating traces	Starting new traces requires that all previous traces for the corresponding protocols are cleared.
<pre>[root@ces5033-31 ~]# # manually run "mmprotocoltrace clear network"</pre>	Do you want to clear these traces? (yes/no - default no): yes
<pre>[root@ces5033-31 ~]# # manually run "mmprotocoltrace start network" again</pre>	

### mmprotocoltrace Usability [5/7]: defaults



• The subcommands "stop", "status" and "clear" now assume "all" if no protocols are specified

BEFORE		AFTER	
<pre>iroot@ces5033-31 ~]# mmprotocoltrace status iso few arguments for this command Beetrum Scale - Protocol Trace Management Tool Jsage:     mmprotocoltrace start <identifier> [<identifier>]</identifier></identifier></pre>	[root@ces5040-41 / Trace ID: State: Protocol: Start Time: End Time: Trace Location:	<pre>"# mmprotocoltrace status 88186b61-a0ac-495b-aba9-8b8f361a6b1b ACTIVE network 15:12:12 09/10/19 15:22:12 09/10/19 /tmp/mmfs/network.20191009_151212.trc</pre>	
<pre>mmprotocoltrace status <identifier> [<identifier>] [-v] pecified the option -f while starting the trace.</identifier></identifier></pre>	Origin Node: Nodes: Node Name:	ces5040-41.localnet.com	
<pre>root@ces5033-31 ~]# # run explicitly "mmprotocoltrace status network"</pre>	Node Name: State: Node Name:	ces5040-42.localnet.com ACTIVE ces5040-43.localnet.com	
	Node Name: State:	ces5040-44.localnet.com ACTIVE	

### mmprotocoltrace Usability [6/7]: status



 After a trace is over, shows where to find results (previously: only shown once when stopping the trace)

BEFORE	AFTER			
<pre>root@ces5033-31 ~]# mmprotocoltrace status network race ID: 2343bf34-175f-46ef-9734-dbfb9003c6cc tate: DONE ser ID: root rotocol: network tart Time: 14:59:13 09/10/19 nd Time: 15:09:13 09/10/19 lient IPs: rigin Node: ces5033-31.localnet.com yscall: False yscall Only: False odes:     Node Name: ces5033-33.localnet.com     State: DONE     Trace Location: /tmp/mmfs/network.20191009_145913.trc     Node Name: ces5033-31.localnet.com     State: DONE     Trace Location: /tmp/mmfs/network.20191009_145913.trc     Node Name: ces5033-32.localnet.com     State: DONE     Trace Location: /tmp/mmfs/network.20191009_145913.trc     Node Name: ces5033-32.localnet.com     State: DONE     Trace Location: /tmp/mmfs/network.20191009_145913.trc </pre>	<pre>[root@ces5040-41 ~]# mmprotocoltrace status network Trace ID: e27e0d87-35d4-434f-bdf3-726dfcf4acd9 State: DONE Protocol: network Start Time: 14:59:03 09/10/19 End Time: 15:09:03 09/10/19 Trace Location: /tmp/mmfs/network.20191009_145903.trc Origin Node: ces5040-41.localnet.com Trace results file: ces5040-41.localnet.com State: DONE Node Name: ces5040-41.localnet.com State: DONE Node Name: ces5040-42.localnet.com State: DONE Node Name: ces5040-43.localnet.com State: DONE</pre>			

### mmprotocoltrace Usability [7/7]: errors



#### BEFORE [root@ces5033-31 ~]# mmprotocoltrace stop network Stopping traces Trace '67f98781-cblf-465e-b7dc-f0f9e7c63632' stopped for network Waiting for traces to complete Waiting for node 'ces5033-31.localnet.com' Waiting for node 'ces5033-32.localnet.com' ... Finishing trace '67f98781-cblf-465e-b7dc-f0f9e7c63632' Successfully copied file from 'ces5033-31.localnet.com:/tmp/mmfs/network.20191009\_155043.trc' Successfully copied file from 'ces5033-32.localnet.com:/tmp/mmfs/network.20191009\_155043.trc' There were issues gathering files. Check logs for more info Trace tar file has been written to '/tmp/mmfs/network.trace.20191009\_155235.tar.gz'

#### AFTER

[root@ces5040-41 ~]# mmprotocoltrace stop network
Stopping traces

Trace '653a617d-ff01-4443-9aaa-02f72fee5ee7' stopped for network

Waiting for all participating nodes...

Collecting data from the participating nodes '653a617d-ff01-4443-9aaa-02f72fee5ee7' Collected 'ces5040-41.localnet.com:/tmp/mmfs/network.20191009\_155052.trc' Collected 'ces5040-42.localnet.com:/tmp/mmfs/network.20191009\_155052.trc' There were issues gathering files. Check /var/adm/ras/mmprotocoltrace.log for more info Trace tar file has been written to '/tmp/mmfs/network.trace.20191009\_155140.tar.gz'

### **CALLHOME:** add-/delete-node



#### Previously:

- Need to remove nodes from a group or add to it?
- Remove the group and then create a new one
- Now:

	gpfsadmin@sudo5050-21		
	[root@sudo5050-21 gpfsadmin]# mmcallhome group list callHomeGroup callHomeNode callHomeChildNodes		
	autoGroup_1 sudo5050-21 sudo5050-22, sudo5050-23, sudo5050-24		
	<pre>[root@sudo5050-21 gpfsadmin]# mmcallhome group change autoGroup_1delete-nodes 3,4 Call home group autoGroup_1 has been changed [root@sudo5050-21 gpfsadmin]# mmcallhome group list callHomeGroup callHomeNode callHomeChildNodes</pre>		
	autoGroup_1 sudo5050-21 sudo5050-22		
	<pre>[root@sudo5050-21 gpfsadmin]# mmcallhome group change autoGroup_1add-nodes 10.0.100.23 Call home group autoGroup_1 has been changed [root@sudo5050-21 gpfsadmin]# mmcallhome group list callHomeGroup callHomeNode callHomeChildNodes</pre>		
0	autoGroup_1 sudo5050-21 sudo5050-21, sudo5050-22, sudo5050-23		

### **CALLHOME: test outside of groups**



#### Previously:

- -mmcallhome test connection only for call home group members
- Other nodes can do this implicitly, e.g. using mmcallhome group add or using undocumented internal commands

#### Now:

BEFORE	AFTER
[root@ces5041-41 ~]# mmcallhome group list No callhome group defined.	[root@sudo5050-21 gpfsadmin]# mmcallhome group list No callhome group defined.
[root@ces5041-41 ~] <b># mmcallhome test connection</b> Failed to obtain a valid call home node. A call home group for this node needs to be defined using group command.	<pre>[root@sudo5050-21 gpfsadmin]# mmcallhome test connection ## Starting connectivity test between the current node and IBM (the current node is not a part of a call home group)</pre>
<pre>[root@ces5041-41 ~]# # implicit workaround: [root@ces5041-41 ~]# mmcallhome group add g1 ces5041-41 Call home child nodes = ces5041-41.localnet.com Call home group g1 has been created [root@ces5041-41 ~]# mow have to clean up: [root@ces5041-41 ~]# mmcallhome group delete g1 Successfully deleted</pre>	Current proxy status: disabled Connection: OK

- Who has Spectrum Scale / ESS Software Call Home enabled?
- Running 4.2.3.8, 5.0.0 or higher?
  - Please enable Call Home
- Why?
  - Faster service response times
  - Proactive issues detection
  - Easier and faster sharing data with support
  - Configuration changes analysis
  - Better test coverage for your configuration
- 42 Automatic service tickets for hardware failures (ESS only)

## Tips and Tricks: Call Home [2/2]



Who has Spectrum Scale / ESS Software Call Home enabled?

- Running 4.2.3.8, 5.0.0 or higher?
  - Please enable Call Home
- How?
  - Spectrum Scale installer
  - Spectrum Scale GUI
  - mmcallhome command

		gpfs-11.localnet.com		
		Company Information		
		Company name:	Customer ID:	
		*		*
		E-mail:	Country:	
		*	-	$\sim$
		Proxy Information		
	root@gpi	Proxy host:	Proxy port:	
[root@gpfs-11 installer]# ./spectru	mscale callho	*		* 🗘
usage: spectrumscale callhome [-h]				
{ enab	le,disable,li	Proxy username:	Proxy password:	
<pre>[root@gpfs-11 ~] # mmcallhomehelp Usage:</pre>	<b>1</b> ( <b>1</b> )	*		
mmcallhome group	Administer t		Configure Call Home	
mmcallhome capability	Enable, disa		L	
mmcallhome provu	Administer custome	er udld.		Hund
mmcallhome schedule	Administer call bo	me scheduling		
Manear Filome Schedule	naminibeer carring	Seneduting		
				1111

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Call Home

Enable Call Home



# Questions ?





# Thank you for your attention !!!





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