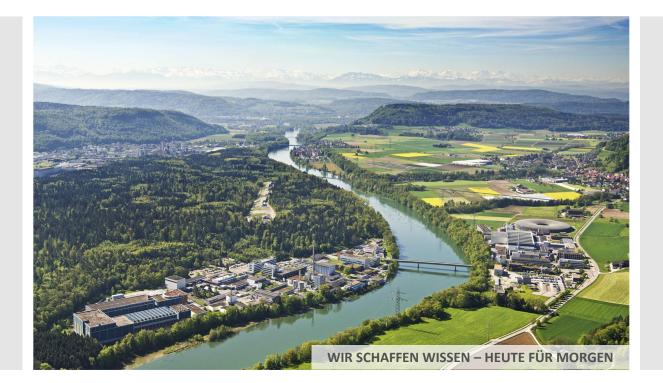
PAUL SCHERRER INSTITUT



Alvise Dorigo :: Science IT :: Paul Scherrer Institut

AFM Experience @PSI Spectrum Scale User Group - London, 8-9th May 2019



"The Paul Scherrer Institute, PSI, is the largest research institute for natural and engineering sciences within Switzerland. We perform worldclass research in three main subject areas: Matter and Material; Energy and the Environment; and Human Health. By conducting fundamental and applied research, we work on long-term solutions for major challenges facing society, industry and science."

PSI operates various Large Scale Facilities:

- SLS: Swiss Light Source synchrotron
- SINQ: Spallation Neutron Source
- SµS: Swiss Muon Source
- SwissFEL: Swiss Free Electron Laser



Data intensive research

- SwissFEL scientists produce ~1 PBytes of data (images) per year
 - projections foresee a **doubling**
- These data needs to be promptly (ideally in real time) transferred from online (where they are produced) to offline storage (where they stay for long time)
- Online storage is like a fast-access read/write **CACHE**
- Offline is a long-term storage used for data analysis and to store its artifacts
- We give the possibility of preliminary analysis of data in the online (computing cluster is connected to the CACHE)



The storage+AFM @SwissFEL facility

Lenovo DSS-G220, 1.2PB net

- 1x xCAT node + 2x I/O servers, 2x FDR-56G connections per node
- Spectrum Scale + GNR 4.2.3-7 (Lenovo dss-g-2.0a)
- RH 7.4, OFED 4.2
- 2x Filesystem with 8M-blocksize (called 'RAW' and 'RES'), 8+2p
- Max write speed (aggregated): 9-9.5 GB/s (writing files ~100GB)

2x AFM gateways

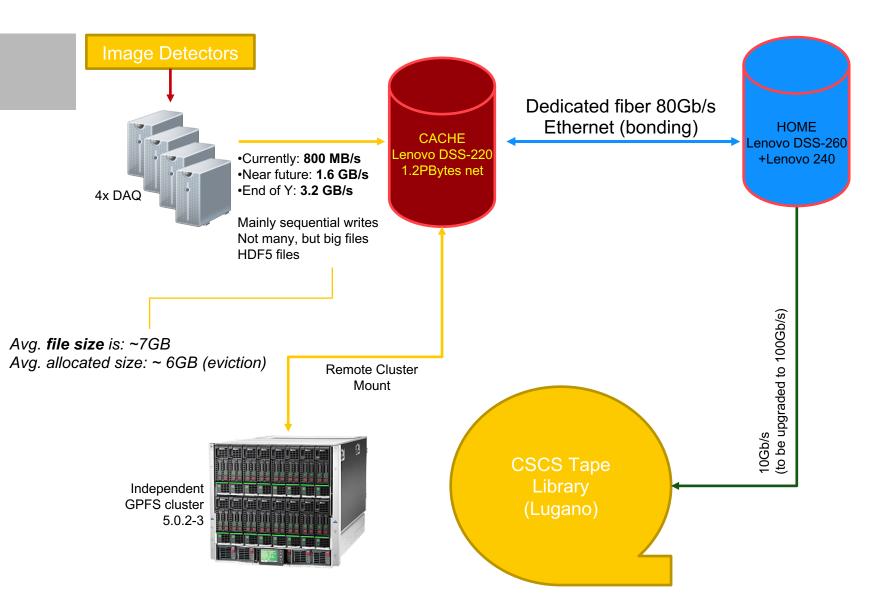
- HPE ProLiant DL380 Gen9 + HPE ProLiant DL380 Gen10
- 256GB RAM each node
- 2 x E5-2687Wv4 @3.00GHz (24 cores), HT OFF
- 2 x Gold 6130 @2.10GHz (32 cores), HT OFF
- 1 FDR InfiniBand connection 56G each node
- RH 7.6, OFED 4.5
- GPFS 5.0.2.3 + *efix4* (issue: *uid not correctly transferred to Home*)
- NO Protocol, only gateway+perfmon

NFS export node

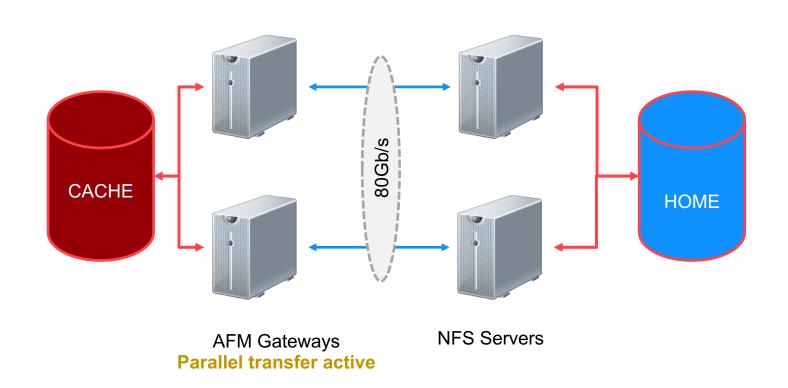
Same hardware as AFM/Gen9, RH7.5 OFED 4.4



Data workflow overview @SwissFEL







NFS was chosen instead of native protocol because of the long distance (~1 Km)



- Single Writer
- Home (part of Offline storage) is a R/O backup copy (users can read to produce analysis's artifacts)
- Cache has **eviction-enabled**, to virtually extend its real fast-access space (1.2PB) to almost 2.5 PB...
 - to be expanded with a new Lenovo-240 to 5 PB
- Eviction is automatic and based on **filesets-level quota**
- Possible evaluation in future of eviction by mean of callbacks based on entire FS occupancy (already implemented @ETHZ)



RAW (DAQ) Filesystem stats

[root@sf-dss-1 ~]# gpfs-usage-space RAWH	plock-size=auto
REPORT	
Total entries : 153576	
Total online entries : 129425	
Total offline entries : 24151 Total files : 150669	
Total files in inodes : 115	
Total directories • 2905	
Total symlinks : 2	
Total Size : 1.0 PiB	
Total Size in inodes : 167.7 kiB Biggest file : 1.1 TiB /gpfs/pl	notonics/swissfel/raw/bernina-staff/p17872/2019
0322/ecr2awtrtoth/microsieve4/microsieve4_U	
Total Alloc. Size : 880.4 TiB	
Avg Size : 6.9 GiB per file Avg Alloc. Size : 5.9 GiB per file	
	[root@sf-dss-1 ~]# gpfs-usage-space RAWblock-size=auto -0
Specified path/device : RAW Filesystem Name : RAW	
Mountpoint :/gpfs/photonics/sw	
Filesystem Size : 1.1 PiB	Total entries : 129237
Output file :/tmp/list.noname-3	z Total online entries : 129237
END REPORT	Total files : 126334
	Total files in inodes : 109
	Total directories : 2901
	Total symlinks : 2
	Total Size : 879.8 TiB Total Size in inodes : 159.3 kiB
	Biggest file : 1.1 TiB /gpfs/photonics/swissfel/raw/bernina-staff/p17872/2019
	0322/ecr2awtrtoth/microsieve4/microsieve4_0909.JF07T32V01.h5
	Total Alloc. Size : 879.8 TiB
	Avg Size : 7.0 GiB per file Avg Alloc. Size : 7.0 GiB per file
	Avg Alloc. Size : 7.0 GIB per file Specified path/device : RAW
	Filesystem Name : RAW
	Mountpoint :/gpfs/photonics/swissfel/raw Filesystem Size :1.1 PiB Wasted space :0.0013%
	Filesystem Size : 1.1 PiB
	Wasted space : 0.0013% Output file : /tmp/list.noname-3840307
	[root@sf-dss-1 ~]#

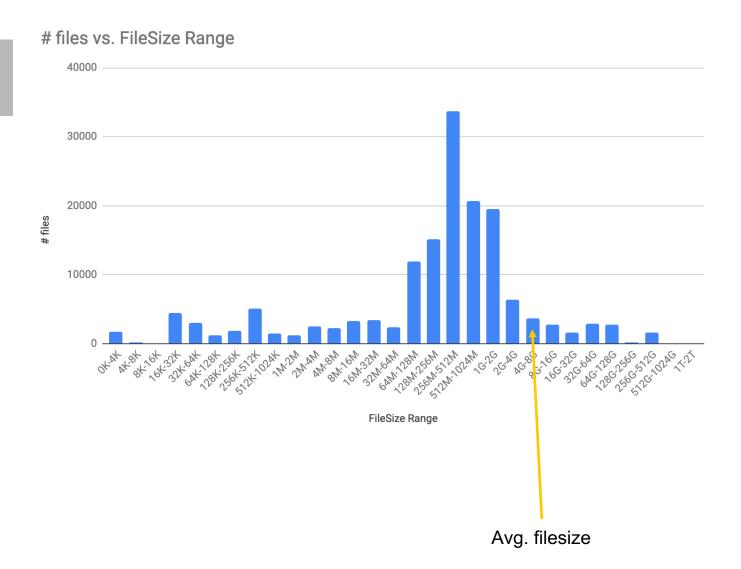


RES (RESults) Filesystem stats

root@sf-dss-1 ∼]# apfs-usage-space RES --block-size=auto ---- REPORT ---Total entries : 435799 Total online entries : 435798 Total offline entries : 1 Total files : 336026 Total files in inodes : 146389 Total directories : 23102 Total symlinks : 76671 Total Size : 34.0 TiB Total Size in inodes : 220.3 MiB Biggest file : 318.1 GiB -- /gpfs/photonics/swissfel/res/alvra-staff/p1 7502/test1.h5 [root@sf-dss-1 ~]# gpfs-usage-space RES --block-size=auto -0 Total Alloc. Size : <u>34.1 TiB</u> Avg Size : 81.9 MiB per file Avg Alloc. Size : 82.1 MiB per file - REPORT --Specified path/device : RES Total entries : 428590 Filesystem Name : RES : /gpfs/photonics/swissfel/resTotal online entries : 428590 Mountpoint Total offline entries : 0 : 50.0 TiB Filesystem Size Total files : 329696 : /tmp/list.noname-3854683 Output file Total files in inodes : 144273 END REPORT --Total directories : 22227 Total symlinks : 76667 : 34.0 TiB Total Size Total Size in inodes : 216.2 MiB Biggest file : 318.1 GiB -- /gpfs/photonics/swissfel/res/alvra-staff/p1 7502/test1.h5 Total Alloc. Size : 34.1 TiB Avg Size : 83.3 MiB per file Avg Alloc. Size : 83.4 MiB per file Specified path/device : RES Filesystem Name : RES Mountpoint : /gpfs/photonics/swissfel/res Filesystem Size : 50.0 TiB Wasted space : 0.1303% Output file : /tmp/list.noname-3856939 END REPORT



Filesize distribution (RAW)

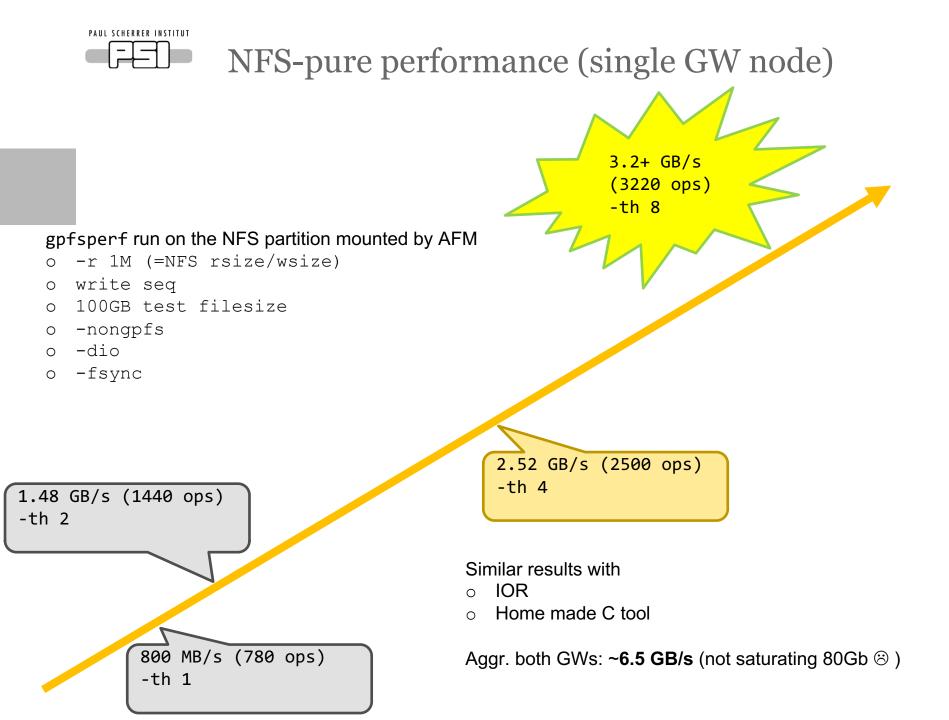




NFS fine-tuning

sysctl::values: net.core.rmem max: value: '536870912' net.core.wmem max: value: '536870912' net.core.rmem default: value: '167772160' net.core.wmem default: value: '167772160' net.core.optmem max: value: '167772160' net.core.netdev max backlog: value: '250000' net.ipv4.tcp rmem: value: '4096 87380 268435456' net.ipv4.tcp wmem: value: '4096 87380 268435456' net.ipv4.tcp mem: value: '4096 87380 268435456' net.core.netdev budget: value: '600' net.core.netdev max backlog: value: '250000' net.ipv4.tcp congestion control: value: 'htcp'

sysctl::values: net.ipv4.tcp mtu probing: value: '1' net.ipv4.tcp low latency: value: '0' net.ipv4.tcp sack: value: '1' net.ipv4.tcp no metrics save: value: '1' net.ipv4.tcp timestamps: value: '0' net.ipv4.tcp slow_start_after_idle: value: '0' net.core.somaxconn: value: '1024' vm.dirty background_bytes: value: '1073741824' vm.dirty bytes: value: '2147483648' vm.dirty expire centisecs: value: '200' vm.dirty writeback centisecs: value: '400' sunrpc.tcp_slot_table_entries: value: '64'





AFM Relevant Parameters (1/3)

- afmMaxWorkerThreads 1024
- afmParallelReadThreshold 1024 (unit is MB)
- afmParallelWriteThreshold 1024 (unit is MB)
- afmParallelWriteChunkSize 128M
- afmParallelReadChunkSize 128M
- afmNumReadThreads 24
- afmNumWriteThreads 24
- afmNumFlushThreads 32
- afmHardMemThreshold 32G



AFM Relevant Parameters (2/3)

afmDIO = 2

"AFM uses Direct I/O writing on NFS mounted partitions"

Avoids high "pressure" on NFS client

Avoids saturation of physical RAM (OS's cache)

Avoids Gateways' Load raising to 1000 !

Allows to reach higher and more stable throughput

afmDIO=0 eventually hangs the entire cluster

- FS un-accessible
- mmfsd 100% CPU on gateway node
- System useless for many minutes



AFM Relevant Parameters (3/3)

afmMaxWriteMergeLen

It helps to "coalesce data to be sent" to Home

afmAsyncDelay

It helps to "replace multiple writes to the home cluster with a single write containing the latest data".



AFM Parameters Tuning

I've not got any theory/recipe but, according to my experiments (and my interpretation of the documentation), my best guess is:

afmMaxWriteMergeLen ~ avg file size &&

afmAsyncDelay = afmMaxWriteMergeLen / avg_write_speed

leading to:

- Low Load (Load1=25, 24 cores), 25Khz context switch, 3.5% CPU ... per GW
- Low throughput jitter
- Throughput to Home ~ write speed on cache
 - Data stored in Home in real-time !



Observed limit

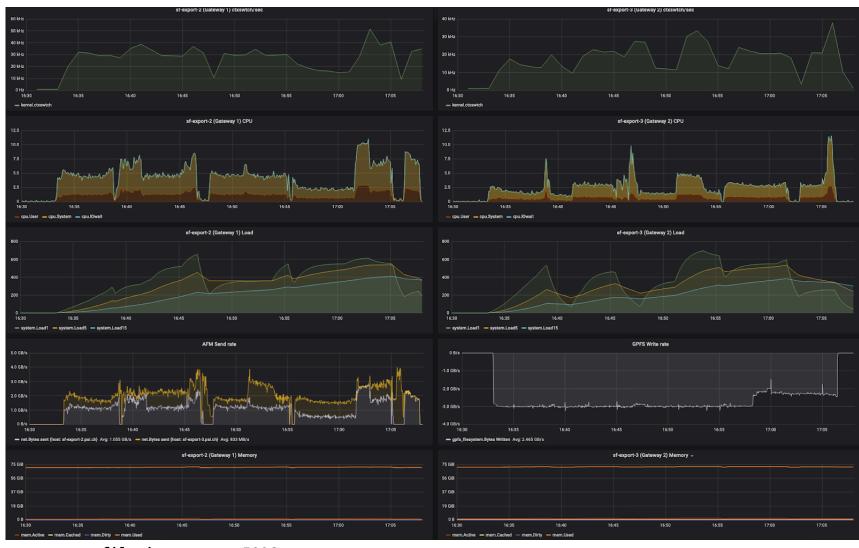
System cannot cope well with

1 TB sequential written files

I haven't found a combination of parameters that can steadily transfer @3GB/s so huge files.

Fortunately, so far, this is not our use-case... only one file over 150k is 1TB :-)





filesize	500G
MergeLen	30G
seq w. GB/s	3
AsyncDelay	15s



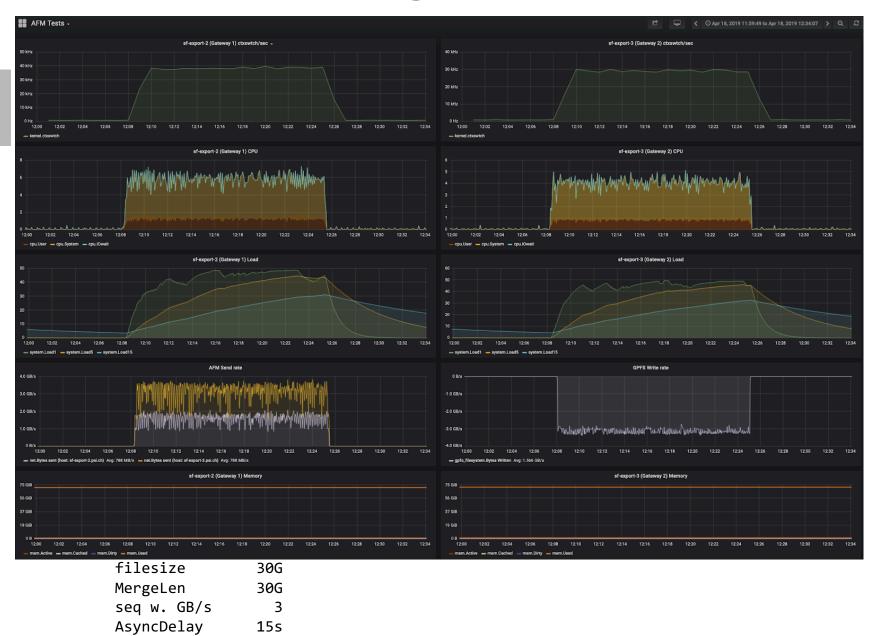
Test case "not 100% good"



filesize	100G
MergeLen	30G
seq w. GB/s	3
AsyncDelay	15s



Test case "100% good"





So far so good !

We are satisfied with AFM because:

- Direct support from AFM developers (and through PMR)
 - With interactive WebEx debugging sessions
- AFM maturity level (despite some smaller issue)
 - Even if I must admit that a "course on AFM" would be required, covering several usecases (not only write pattern, but much more).... because of so many parameters and experience to accustomed to
- Our use case is "honored" (having data safe @Home in real time @3GB/s)
- Starting a fileset previously filled of files, AFM can reach 6.5 GB/s (NFS's limit)

 Despite our satisfaction, it is still a really complicated "beast" and documentation should be greatly improved with examples for parameter tuning in different use case scenarios